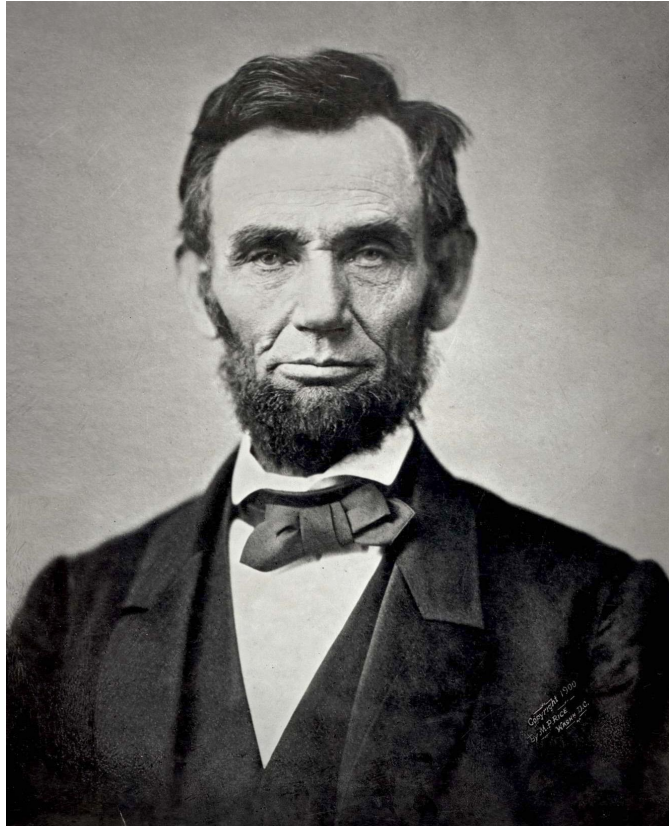


# Timber origin tracking tools DNA fingerprinting

Prof. Andy Lowe

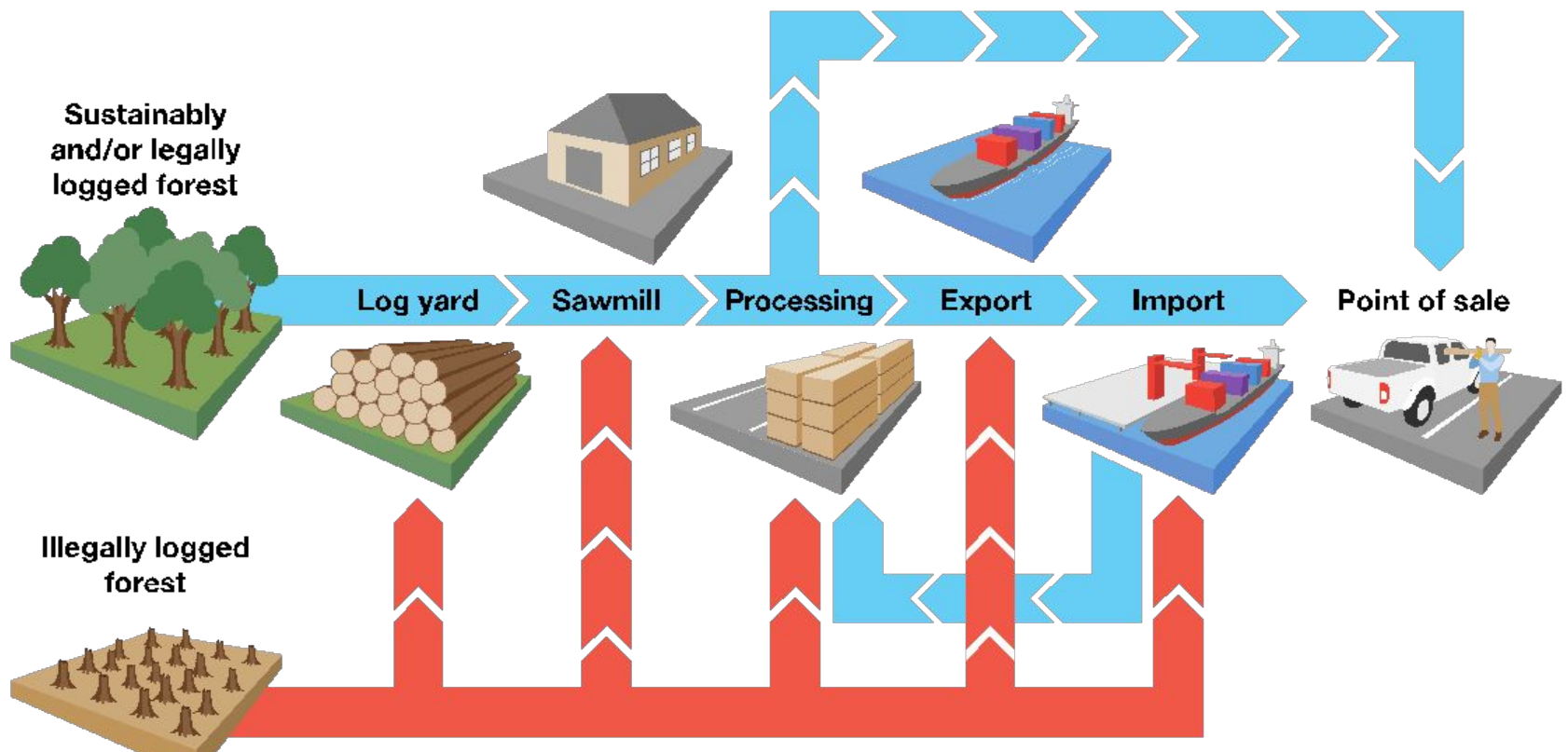






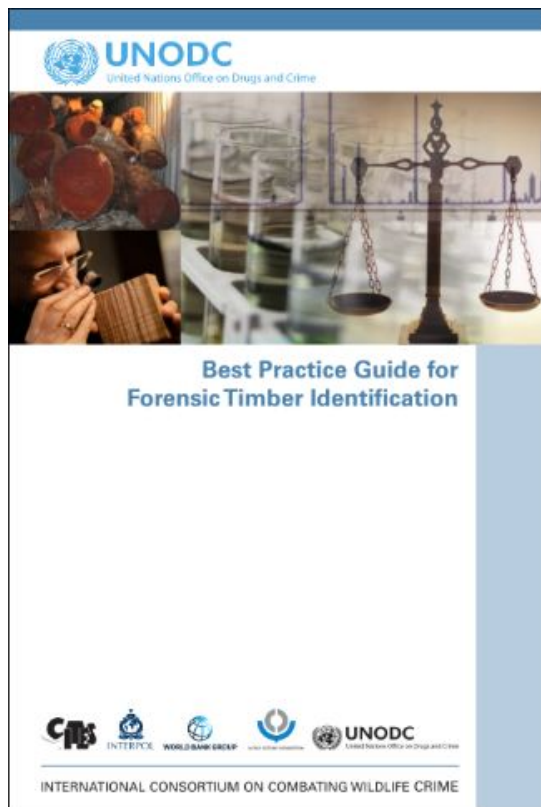
Abraham Lincoln

“Law without enforcement is just good advice”



# International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime

Source: Dormontt et al (2015) *Biological Conservation*. Lowe et al (2016) *BioScience*



# What can forensic timber identification offer law enforcement?

**Table A8.1 Method capabilities**

| Identification need | Wood anatomy | Machine vision | Dendro-chronology       | Mass spectrometry | Near infrared spectroscopy | Stable isotopes | Radiocarbon | Genetics |
|---------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|
| Genus               | Yes          | Yes            | No                      | Yes               | Yes                        | No              | No          | Yes      |
| Species             | Occasionally | Occasionally   | No                      | Yes               | Yes                        | No              | No          | Yes      |
| Provenance          | Occasionally | Unknown        | Occasionally            | Yes               | Yes                        | Yes             | No          | Yes      |
| Individuals         | No           | No             | Yes                     | No                | No                         | No              | No          | Yes      |
| Age                 | No           | No             | Yes — with growth rings | No                | No                         | No              | Yes         | No       |

# Opportunities for Improved Transparency in the Timber Trade through Scientific Verification

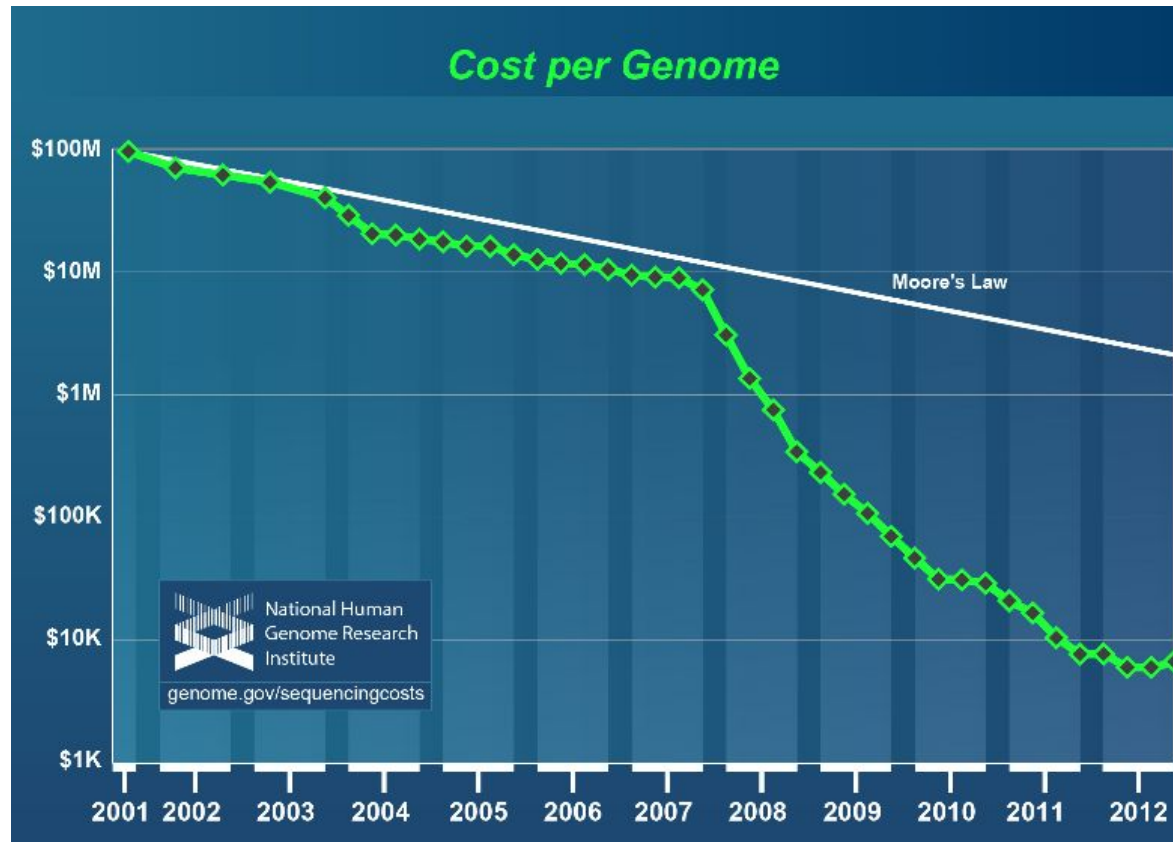
ANDREW J. LOWE, ELEANOR E. DORMONTT, MATTHEW J. BOWIE, BERND DEGEN, SHELLEY GARDNER, DARREN THOMAS, CAITLIN CLARKE, ANTO RIMBAWANTO, ALEX WIEDENHOEFT, YAFANG YIN, AND NOPHEA SASAKI

*In May 2014, the Member States of the United Nations adopted Resolution 23/1 on “strengthening a targeted crime prevention and criminal justice response to combat illicit trafficking in forest products, including timber.” The resolution promotes the development of tools and technologies that can be used to combat the illicit trafficking of timber. Stopping illegal logging worldwide could substantially increase revenue from the legal trade in timber and halt the associated environmental degradation, but law enforcement and timber traders themselves are hampered by the lack of available tools to verify timber legality. Here, we outline how scientific methods can be used to verify global timber supply chains. We advocate that scientific methods are capable of supporting both enforcement and compliance with respect to timber laws but that work is required to expand the applicability of these methods and provide the certification, policy, and enforcement frameworks needed for effective routine implementation.*

*Keywords: certification, illegal logging, scientific verification, timber trade, wood identification*

Lowe et al 2016, Bioscience

# DNA analysis now cheaper and quicker than ever before



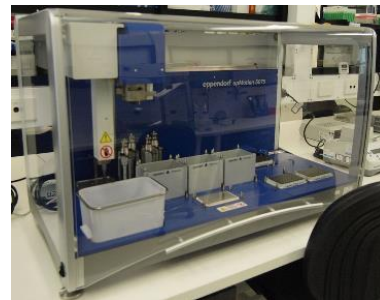




## Advanced DNA, Identification and Forensic Facility

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service and casework  
provision*

[adiff@adelaide.edu.au](mailto:adiff@adelaide.edu.au)



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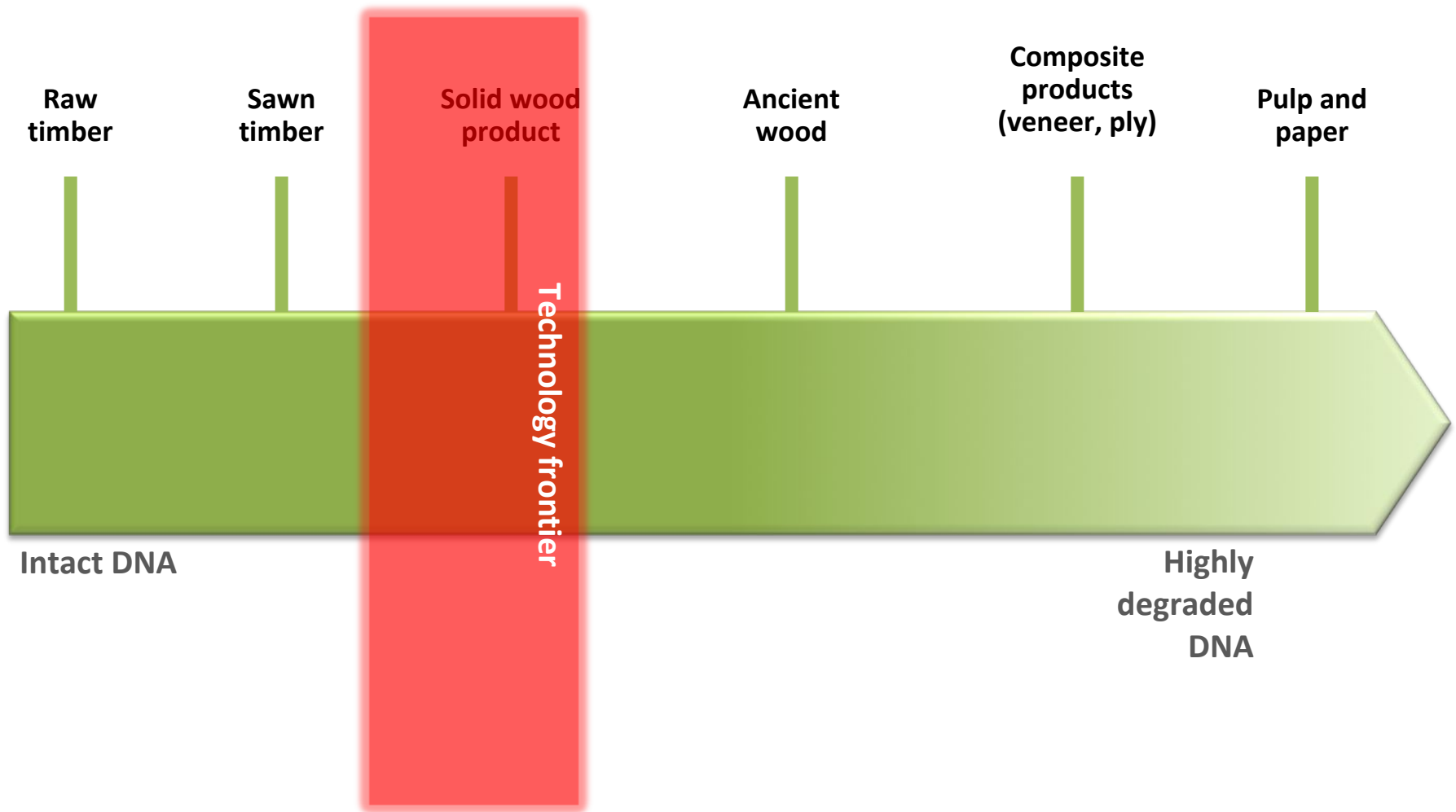


Flinders  
UNIVERSITY



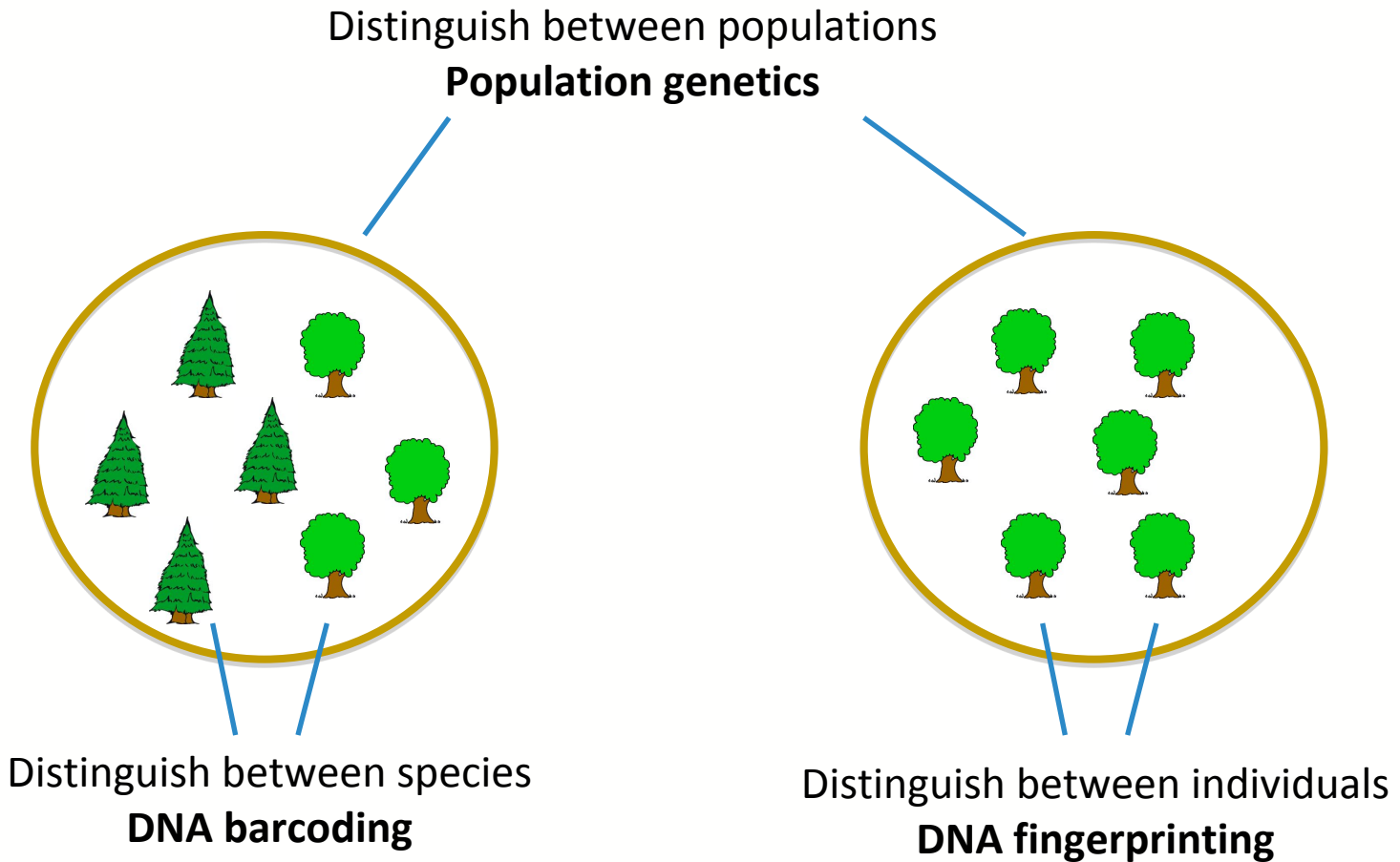
AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM

# DNA extraction





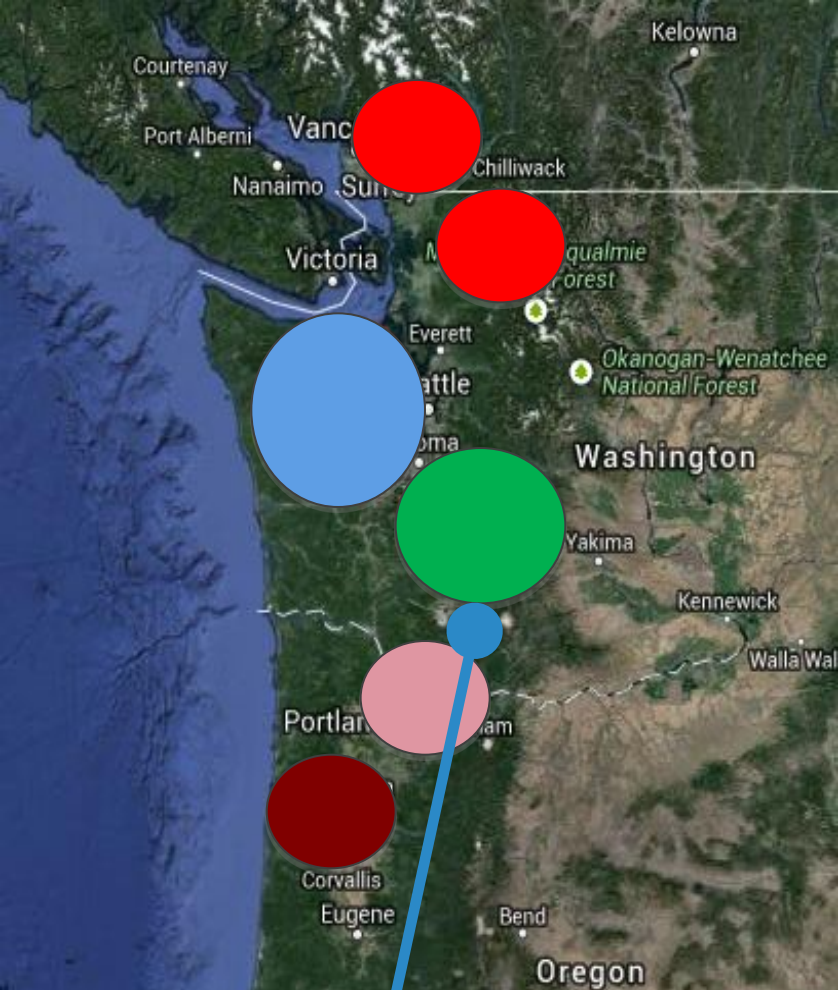
# DNA analysis – species, region and individuals











DNA fingerprinting developed

- 430 individuals from 40 populations
- 135 variable SNPs screened
- Significant genetic structure
- Individualisation probability  $1 \times 10^{23}$



Source: jardine et al., 2015





“... the government notes that it has produced over 3,500 pages of discovery, which includes expert reports on plant DNA analysis and an extensive timber valuation analyses. The government expects to call approximately 20 witnesses at trial.”

DNA evidence a big part of the case and potentially influential enough for J&L Tonewoods to plead guilty

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Local News | Northwest

## Mill owner admits to buying maples illegally cut in national forest

Originally published November 17, 2015 at 9:09 am | Updated November 17, 2015 at 9:17 am

The U.S. Attorney's office says Harold Clause Kupers and his Winlock company, J&L Tonewoods, admitted to buying the highly prized wood without requiring sellers to show they had a special permit.



U.S. Attorneys » Western District of Washington » News

Department of Justice

U.S. Attorney's Office

Western District of Washington



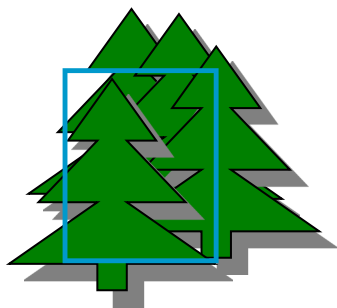
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Tuesday, April 19, 2016

### Mill Owner Sentenced to Prison for Purchases and Sales of Stolen Figured Maple from National Forest

Made more than \$800,000 Buying and Selling “Music Wood”

A Winlock, Washington wood buyer was sentenced today in U.S. District Court in Tacoma to six months in prison, six months of home detention and three years of supervised release and \$159,692 in restitution for violating the Lacey Act by trafficking in big leaf maple illegally cut on national forest land,



Matched back



Primary



# DNA Chain of custody

## Perhutani Forest Management Unit Cepu

- Teak plantation - FSC certified in 2012
- Logs sampled in yard and matched back to stump through documentation
- 10% incorrect tree assignment
- 100% consistency for origin against broader teak database

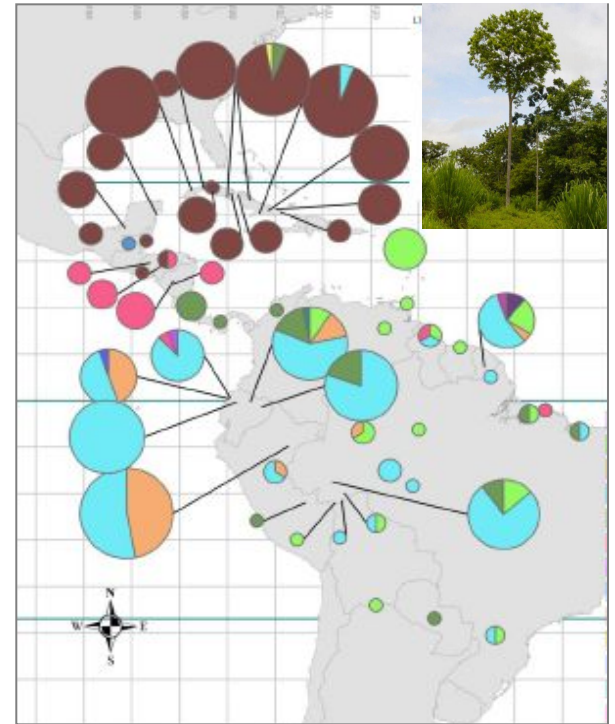
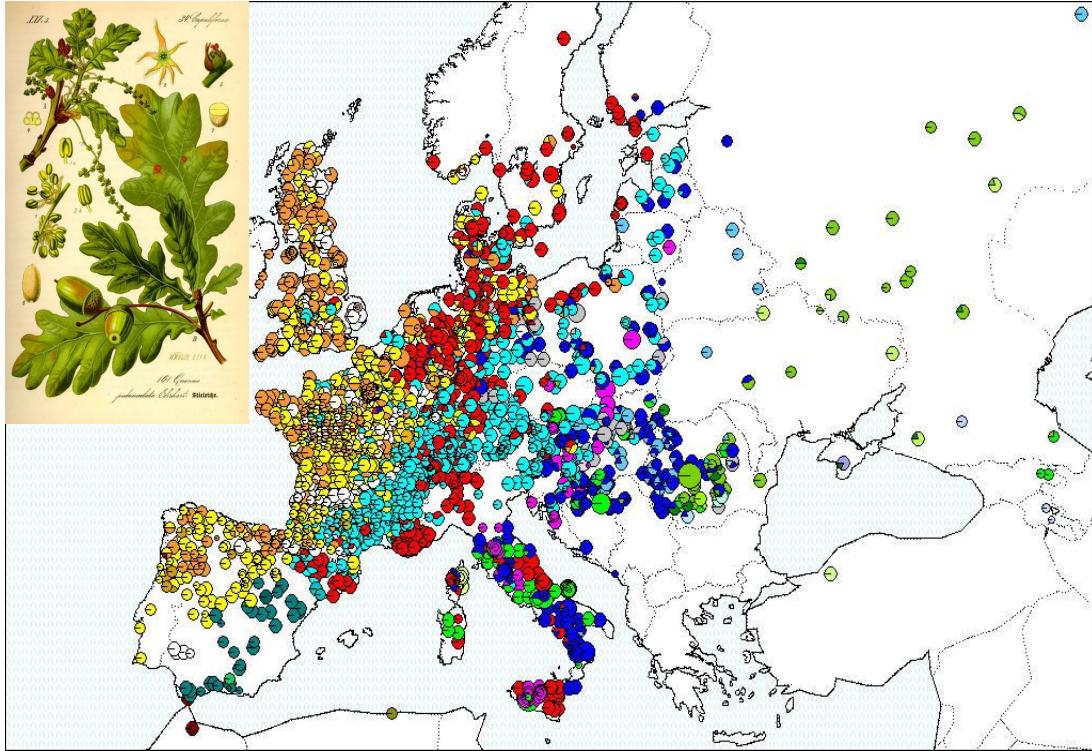


Samples taken from stump



General view of the log yard

| sample | origin | DNA CoC ID | DNA source |
|--------|--------|------------|------------|
| 1      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 2      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 3      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 4      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 5      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 6      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 7      | Cepu   | no match   | Cepu       |
| 8      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 9      | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 10     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 11     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 12     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 13     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 14     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 15     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 16     | Cepu   | no match   | Cepu       |
| 17     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 18     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 19     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |
| 20     | Cepu   | match      | Cepu       |





THÜNEN

NEXT?

Glued oak timber is declared as  
“Siberian oak “



Mongolian oak ref  
European oak ref

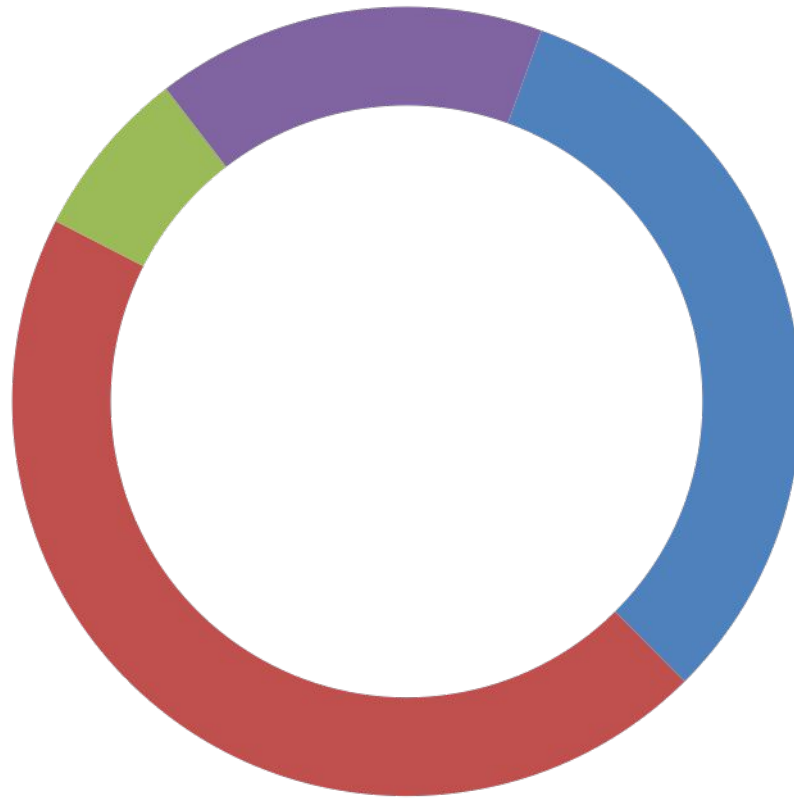
wood sample



The piece of timber is composed  
of a mixture of European and  
Mongolian oak



# Results of blind shopping in UK for 'US white oak'



More than half of samples declared as "U.S. white oak" were not from North America

■ Asia ■ North America ■ Eurasia ■ Europe

Actual origin, % of samples declared "U.S. white oak"

# Regional/species verification test for oak



- Import verification check for Australian Government under Illegal Logging Prohibition Legislation
- Flooring product tested
- 1 out of 7 claims not verified

| 0000015301B | Claim  | Isotopes | DNA         | Verified         |
|-------------|--------|----------|-------------|------------------|
| 0000015301B | Europe | Asia     | Asia        | No               |
| 0000015302B | Europe | Europe   | Europe/N Am | Yes              |
| 0000015303B | Europe | Europe   | Europe/N Am | Yes*             |
| 0000011423B | Europe | Europe   | Europe/N Am | Yes*             |
| 0000011424B | Europe | Europe   | NA          | Yes <sup>†</sup> |
| 0000011425B | Europe | Europe   | Europe/N Am | Yes              |
| 0000011426B | Europe | Europe   | NA          | Yes <sup>†</sup> |

# CONSORTIUM FOR THE BARCODE OF LIFE

international  
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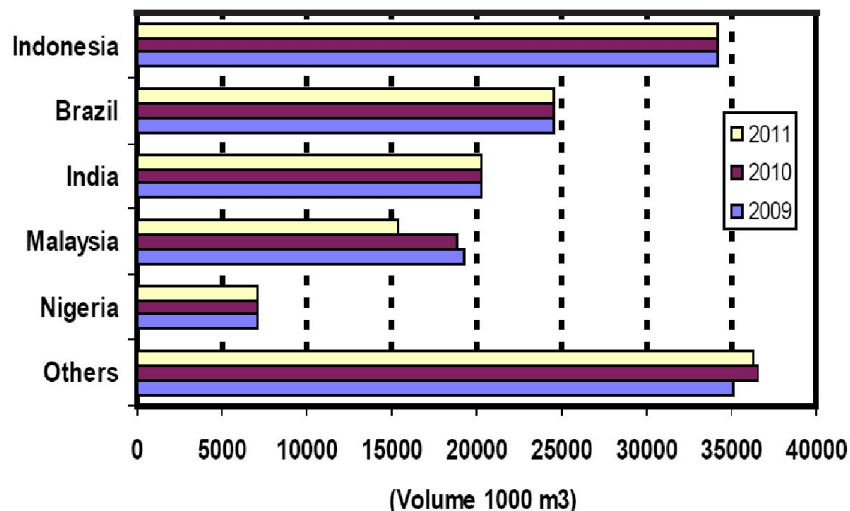
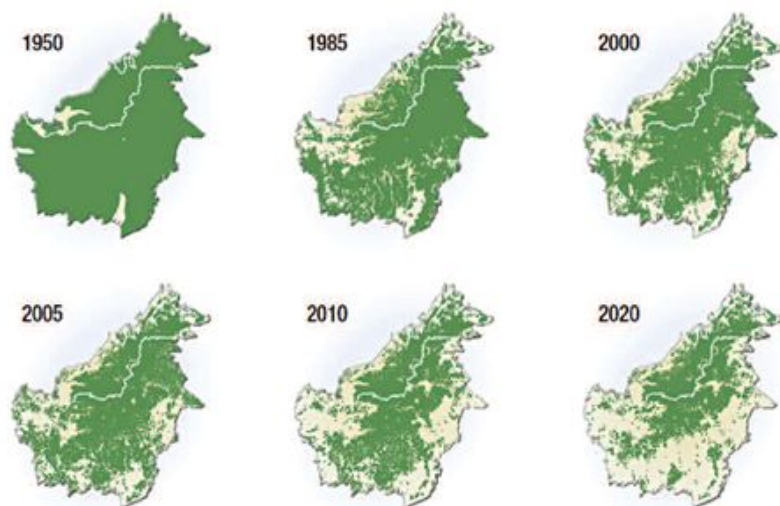


Table 1. Trade and species name and value of important SE Asian meranti timber species

| Timber trade name      | Species  | Trade value (ITTO trade data US\$ Million) |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Red meranti            | <i>Shorea amplexicaulis</i> , <i>Shorea splendida</i> , <i>Shorea stenoptera</i>   | 71   |
| Dark/light red meranti | <i>Shorea acuminata</i> , <i>Shorea beccariana</i><br><i>Shorea hemsleyana</i> , <i>Shorea platycarpa</i><br><i>Shorea palembanica</i> , <i>Shorea macrantha</i>   | -  |
| Light red meranti      | <i>Shorea parvifolia</i> ssp. <i>parvifolia</i><br><i>Shorea parvifolia</i> ssp. <i>velutinata</i><br><i>Shorea ovalis</i> ssp. <i>sarawakensis</i><br><i>Shorea ovalis</i> ssp. <i>sericea</i><br><i>Shorea almon</i> , <i>Shorea dasyphylla</i><br><i>Shorea lepidota</i> , <i>Shorea leprosula</i><br><i>Shorea quadrinervis</i> , <i>Shorea rubra</i><br><i>Shorea scrabrida</i> , <i>Shorea smithiana</i><br><i>Shorea teysmanniana</i> | 34   |
| Dark red meranti       | <i>Shorea platyclados</i> , <i>Shorea pauciflora</i><br><i>Shorea ovate</i> , <i>Shorea flaviflora</i><br><i>Shorea curtisii</i> , <i>Shorea coriacea</i><br><i>Shorea argentifolia</i> , <i>Shorea singkawang</i><br><i>Shorea slootenii</i>  | 1  |
| Yellow meranti         | <i>Shorea faguetiana</i> , <i>Shorea acuminatissima</i><br><i>Shorea balanocarpoides</i> , <i>Shorea gibbosa</i><br><i>Shorea longisperma</i> , <i>Shorea maxima</i><br><i>Shorea multiflora</i> , <i>Shorea richetia</i><br><i>Shorea xanthophylla</i>  | -  |
| White meranti          | <i>Shorea gratissima</i> , <i>Shorea agami</i><br><i>Shorea assamica</i> , <i>Shorea bracteolata</i><br><i>Shorea henryana</i> , <i>Shorea ochracea</i><br><i>Shorea resinosa</i> , <i>Shorea roxburghii</i>   | -  |
| Other meranti          | <i>Shorea pubistyla</i> , <i>Shorea rugosa</i><br><i>Shorea uliginosa</i>  | 2  |

Deforestation in Borneo, Indonesia, 1950-2005 and projections towards 2020





## Project focus

- Species ID > 100 meranti species
- Regional ID of Bangkirai
- Training, capacity building and dissemination
- Implementation with industry



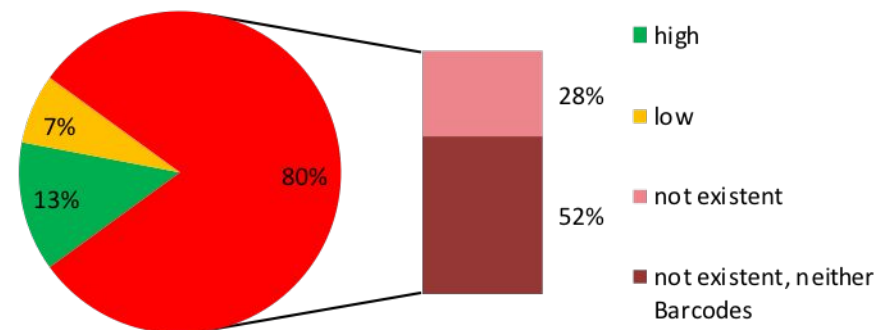


| Common Name                           | Scientific Name                         | Barcoding | Genographic | Fingerprinting |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------|----------------|
| Northern temperate forest             |   |           |             |                |
| Oak                                   | <i>Quercus</i> spp.                     | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Larch                                 | <i>Larix</i> spp.                       | ✓         | ✓           |                |
| Poplar                                | <i>Populus</i> spp.                     | ✓         |             |                |
| Maple                                 | <i>Acer macrophyllum</i>                |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Neotropical forest                    |   |           |             |                |
| Mahogany                              | <i>Swietenia</i> spp.                   | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Andiroba                              | <i>Carapa guianensis</i>                |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Cedro                                 | <i>Cedrela fissilis</i>                 | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Cerdo-cheiroso                        | <i>Cedrela odorata</i>                  | ✓         | ✓           |                |
| Angelim Vermelho                      | <i>Dinizia excelsa</i>                  |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Jatobá                                | <i>Hymenaea courbaril</i>               |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Pará-pará                             | <i>Jacaranda copaia</i>                 |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Maçaranduba                           | <i>Manilkara huberi</i>                 |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Marupá                                | <i>Simarouba amara</i>                  |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Ipê-amarelo                           | <i>Tabebuia serratifolia</i>            |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Cumala                                | <i>Virola surinamensis</i>              |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Cumaru/ Shihuahuaco                   | <i>Dipteryx odorata</i>                 |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| African tropical forest               |   |           |             |                |
| Doussie                               | <i>Azelia</i> spp.                      | ✓         |             |                |
| Okan                                  | <i>Cylicodiscus gabunensis</i>          | ✓         |             |                |
| Sepele/Sipo                           | <i>Entandrophragma</i> spp.             | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Tali                                  | <i>Erythrophleum ivorense</i>           | ✓         |             |                |
| African mahogany                      | <i>Khaya</i> spp.                       | ✓         | ✓           |                |
| Azobé                                 | <i>Lophira alata</i>                    | ✓         |             |                |
| Iroko                                 | <i>Milicia excels</i> , <i>M. regia</i> | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Wenge                                 | <i>Millettia laurentii</i>              | ✓         |             |                |
| Ayous                                 | <i>Triplochiton scleroxylon</i>         | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| African Teak                          | <i>Pericopsis elata</i>                 | ✓         |             | ✓              |
| Padauk                                | <i>Pterocarpus soyauxii</i>             | ✓         |             |                |
| Prunus                                | <i>Prunus africana</i>                  |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Sipo                                  | <i>Entandrophragma utile</i>            |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Okoumé                                | <i>Aucoumea klainea</i>                 |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Okan                                  | <i>Cylicodiscus gabonensis</i>          |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Padouk                                | <i>Pterocarpus soyauxii</i>             |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Azobé                                 | <i>Lophira alata</i>                    |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Bilinga                               | <i>Nauclea diderrichii</i>              |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Khaya/Acajou                          | <i>Khaya invorensis</i>                 | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| SE Asian tropical/Australasian forest |   |           |             |                |
| Ramin                                 | <i>Gonystylus bancanus</i>              | ✓         |             |                |
| Merbau                                | <i>Intsia bijuga</i> ,                  | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Sandalwood                            | <i>Santalum</i> spp.                    | ✓         | ✓           | ✓              |
| Teak                                  | <i>Tectona grandis</i>                  |           | ✓           | ✓              |
| Meranti/Balau                         | <i>Shorea</i> spp.                      | ✓         | ✓           |                |
| Bangkirai                             | <i>Dipterocarpus</i> spp.               |           | ✓           | ✓              |

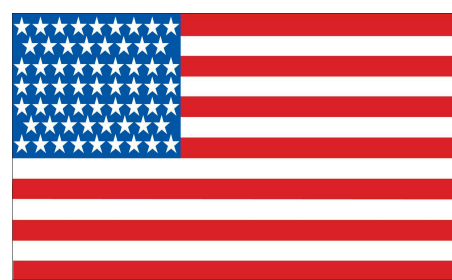
## Reference databases



## Status of genetic resources for top 100 timber species







## Third party product verification for wood importers



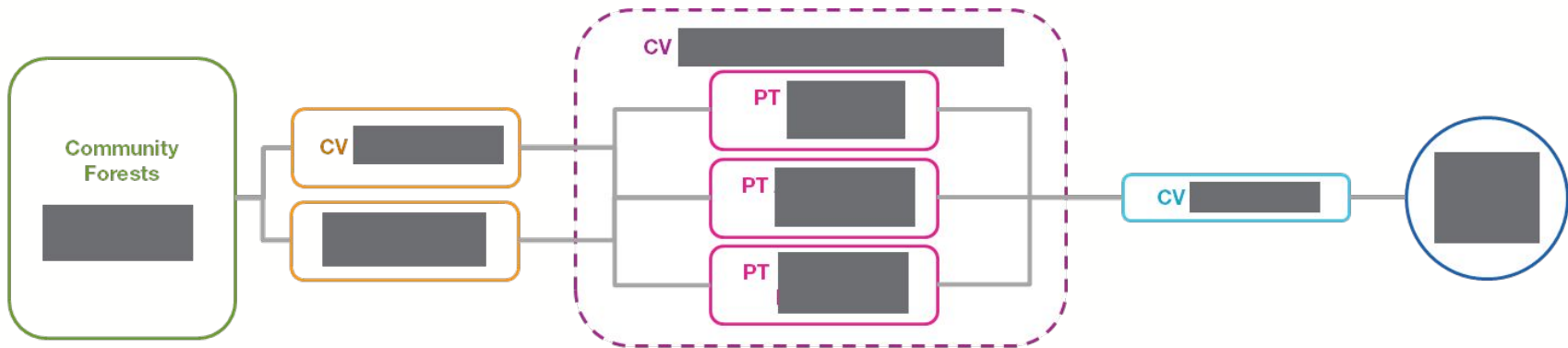
*...the mark of trust*

# Product risk assessment

- **5-point risk assessment**
  - **Country**  
of harvest
  - **Species**  
vulnerability or confusion
  - **Market**  
country of trade / manufacture
  - **External**  
outside parties
  - **Supply chain**  
transparency; traceability; legality




# Deliverables



| Forest sources:<br>Indonesia  | Primary sawmills: Indonesia   | Manufacturers:<br>Indonesia   | Trader: Indonesia   | Exporter: Indonesia   | Buyer: Australia   |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| <b>Traceability documentation</b>   |   |   |   |   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Farmer identification</li> <li>Transport documentation (SKAU)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply contract (SKAU)</li> <li>Log receipt records</li> <li>Production records</li> <li>Output / stock control</li> <li>Sales invoice</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nota / sales contract</li> <li>Sawn timber transport (SKSHH)</li> <li>Production records</li> <li>Output control</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchase order</li> <li>Contract with manufacturers</li> <li>Packing list</li> <li>Sales invoice</li> </ul>          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchase Order / invoice</li> <li>Bill of lading / packing list</li> <li>Certificate of Origin</li> <li>Phytosanitary certificate</li> <li>V-Legal certificate</li> </ul>        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Invoice / contract</li> <li>BL / Packing List</li> <li>Phytosanitary cert</li> <li>V-legal cert.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Licenses / Legal registration / Certificates</b>   |   |   |   |   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Certificate of land ownership</li> </ul>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deed of Incorporation</li> <li>Business license (SIUP)</li> <li>Company reg. (TDP)</li> <li>Industry permit (IUI)</li> <li>Tax ID (NPWP)</li> <li>Env. Docs (UKL/UPL)</li> <li>Raw material purchasing planning and realization (RPBBI)</li> <li>SVLK certificate</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deed of Incorporation</li> <li>Business license (SIUP)</li> <li>Company reg. (TDP)</li> <li>Industry permit (IUI)</li> <li>Tax ID (NPWP)</li> <li>Env. Docs (UKL/UPL)</li> <li>SVLK certificate</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deed of Incorporation</li> <li>Business license (SIUP)</li> <li>Company reg. (TDP)</li> <li>Tax ID (NPWP)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deed of Incorporation</li> <li>Business license (SIUP)</li> <li>Company reg. (TDP)</li> <li>Tax ID (NPWP)</li> <li>Exporter license (ETPIK)</li> <li>SVLK certificate</li> </ul> |  |

# Deliverables

- Full evidence of risk assessment, legality and traceability
  - Supply chain map
  - Register of information (legality and traceability)
  - Risk assessment and gap analysis



### Risk assessment

1225\_SLP Finnish Spruce and Pine Thermawood®

#### Introduction

Double Helix has completed a complete assessment of Suomen Lämpöpuu Oy's production and supply chain for their spruce and pine products. Desk based research and on-site visits to both SLP plant and supplier mills were performed in order to identify possible risks which may affect quality and legality of their products. This document outlines all identified risks and findings of their assessment process. Completing this process allows us to design an ongoing future's traceability system which addresses and mitigates any of identified risks.

#### Background

Suomi, East Asia represents a relatively new market for SLP. Having a system in place which verifies the quality of SLP Thermawood® products and communicates that to contractors helps to differentiate SLP as an increasingly competitive Thermawood® market.

SLP's intent in this Risk's Barcode system is protecting the quality name of their product by demonstrating their input material is verified - slow growing and nearly knotless Finnish spruce and pine.


#### Scope of report

This report analyses risk across the following criteria: country risk, species risk, market risk, natural risk and supply chain risk. Supply chain risk takes into account all documentation provided by the client.

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Supplier name            | <u>Suomen Lämpöpuu Oy</u>  |
| Factory location         | <u>Järvenpää</u> 100111-04700 <u>Finland</u>                                 |
| Certification status     | FSC® certified   |
| Product supplied         | Spruce and Pine <u>Thermawood®</u> products                                  |
| Timber source            | Domestic Forest  |
| Species trade name       | Spruce Pine  |
| Species scientific name  | Pine ( <u><i>Pinus sylvestris</i></u> ) Spruce ( <u><i>Picea abies</i></u> ) |
| Country of Forest Origin | Finland  |
| Forest Region            | Central and southern Finland   |

#### Supplier location

Suomen Lämpöpuu is located in Järvenpää in southwest Finland 3rd Km northwest of Helsinki.



1225\_SLP\_Risk\_Assessment\_20\_20200000\_000\_000  
20 May 2020

Page 1 of 6

# Scientific testing




- Verifies authenticity of document claims
- Detects and deters substitution and fraud
- Clear, independent, scientific evidence in case of dispute
- Demonstration of best practice
- ISO inspection guidelines



# Outputs

## Traceability docket



### TRACEABILITY DOCKET

**Docket number** DX1225 - TD 001  
**Issue date** 15 June 2016

**Shipment Information**

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Container no. / Shipment no.  | Shipment 178   |
| B/L number (if applicable)    | N/A  |
| Total product volume (CBM)    | 21.3800  |
| Verified product volume (CBM) | 21.3800  |
| Product type(s)               | 32x118 E4E R3, pine, 32x118 Vengroove, pine, 18x141 Finno RAL9010, spruce, 18x141 E4E R3 RAL9010, spruce, 26x66 E4E R3 RAL6010, spruce |
| Manufacturer bundle ref. nos. | H9801, H9806, F10798, F10811, F10812, F10817, F10822, F10880   |
| Verified product bundle nos.  | 0000001, 0000002, 0000051, 0000052, 0000053, 0000054, 0000055, 0000056   |

**Supply Chain Information**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species verified  | Pine ( <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> ),<br>Spruce ( <i>Picea abies</i> ) |
| Origin of harvest | Finland  |
| Manufacturer      | Suomen Lämpöpöytä Oy, Finland                                      |
| Buyer             | Venturer Pte Ltd, Singapore  |

This docket has been produced for use of Suomen Lämpöpöytä Oy and should not be copied or distributed to or by any other party without the prior written approval of Doublehelix.

**Verification Statement**


The contents of the bundles listed above have been subject to independent verification using the Nature's Barcode™ system, to confirm the stated species and traceability back to stated origin of harvest.

Nature's Barcode™ provides assurance of product quality, consistency, and traceability. The product supply chain is monitored and controlled through a combination of document collection, on-site assessments and scientific testing applied using Statistical Process Control.

Full documentation is available on request by authorities to support this statement for every shipment with a Nature's Barcode™ docket.

Send enquiries to [info@doublehelixtracking.com](mailto:info@doublehelixtracking.com).

A service provided by  
**DOUBLE HELIX TRACKING TECHNOLOGIES PTE LTD**



Scan here to learn

## Bundle label

### VERIFIED TIMBER PRODUCT



This product is subject to independent verification to confirm species and traceability back to origin of harvest. Claims were verified using the Nature's Barcode™ system.

Nature's Barcode™ provides assurance of product quality, consistency and traceability.

|                          |                                 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>Species verified</b>  | Teak ( <i>Tectona grandis</i> ) |
| <b>Origin of harvest</b> | Indonesia                       |
| <b>Manufacturer</b>      | PT Mandal, Indonesia            |

**Verification Code**  
**0000000**

Verify this product by entering this code to [info@doublehelixtracking.com](http://info@doublehelixtracking.com).

A service provided by  
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Scan here to learn more about this product and Nature's Barcode™.





# Verification and certification

| Nature's Barcode™  | Certification  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compliance with national and international regulations</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compliance with a standard (FSC, PEFC, SVLK, CertiSource)</li></ul>                |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Verify by product supply chain</li></ul>                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Certification granted to individual entities along the supply chain</li></ul>      |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Product traceability; supply chain transparency</li></ul>        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Required policies and processes developed and applied</li></ul>                    |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mark of trust in <u>product</u> claim</li></ul>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <u>Process</u> claim. All entities comply with the standard requirements</li></ul> |



# Thanks



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