

# Global Forest Watch GLAD Alerts

Ruth Nogueron February 23, 2019

Workshop to Share Experience, Knowledge and Challenges on Implementation of Tools for Combating and Preventing Illegal Logging Activities and Associated Trade

Santiago, Chile

# About WRI



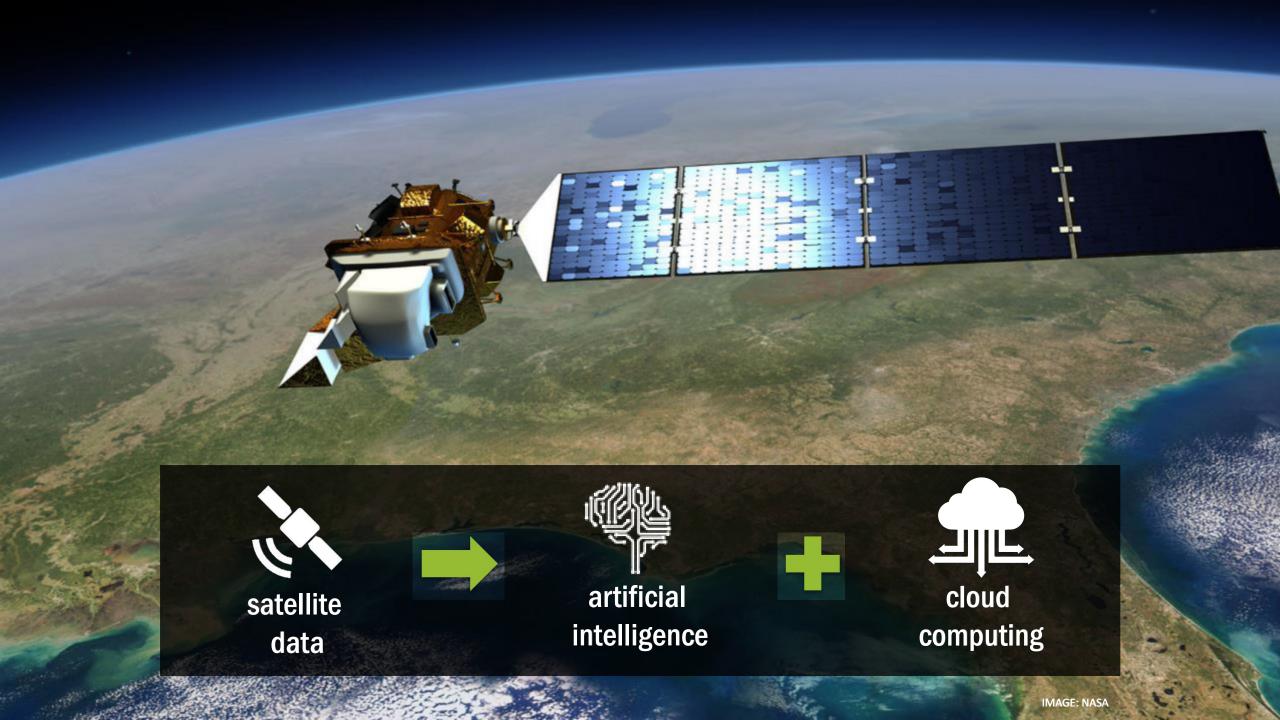
WRI'S MISSION | To move human society to live in ways that protect Earth's environment and its capacity to provide for the needs and aspirations of current and future generations.



WRI'S WORK | We work with governments, companies, and civil society to build solutions to urgent environmental and development challenges.

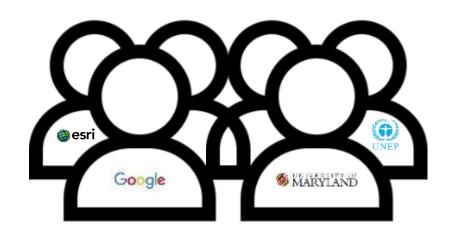
# Global Forest Watch











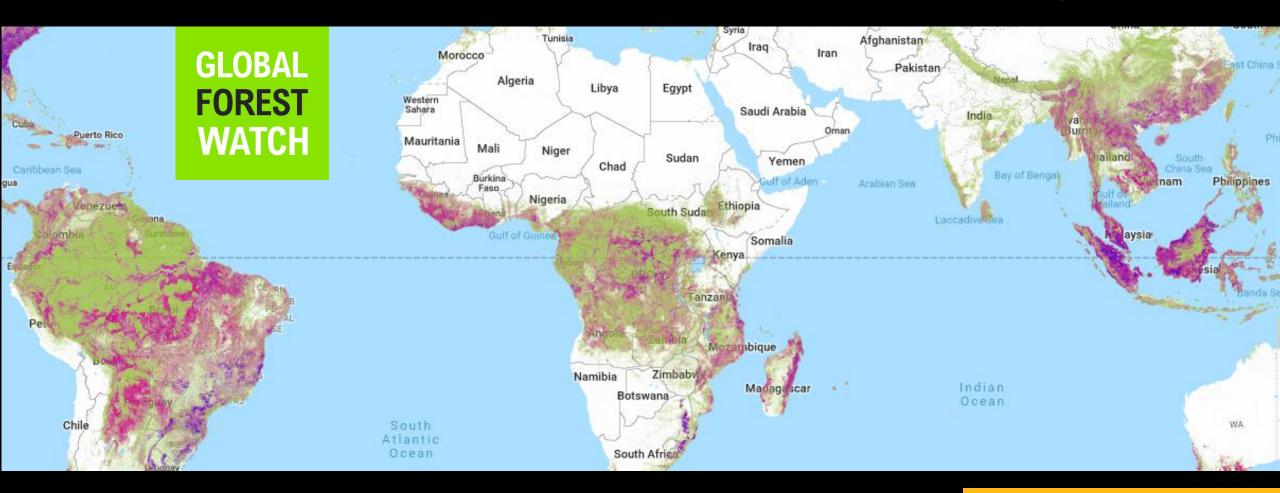
**Data** 

**Platform** 

**Partners** 

#### Global Forest Watch

An online platform that provides data and tools for monitoring forests.



# GLAD alerts

#### **GLAD** deforestation alerts

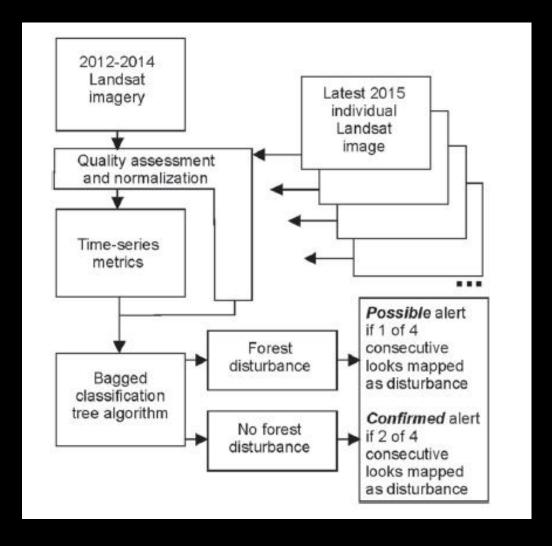
Weekly deforestation alerts from the University of Maryland (Global Land Analysis and Discovery (GLAD) Lab)

#### **Characteristics:**

- Updated weekly on GFW
- Temporal frequency depends on cloud coverage
- 30 meter spatial resolution
- Currently available for all the tropics

#### **GLAD** alerts

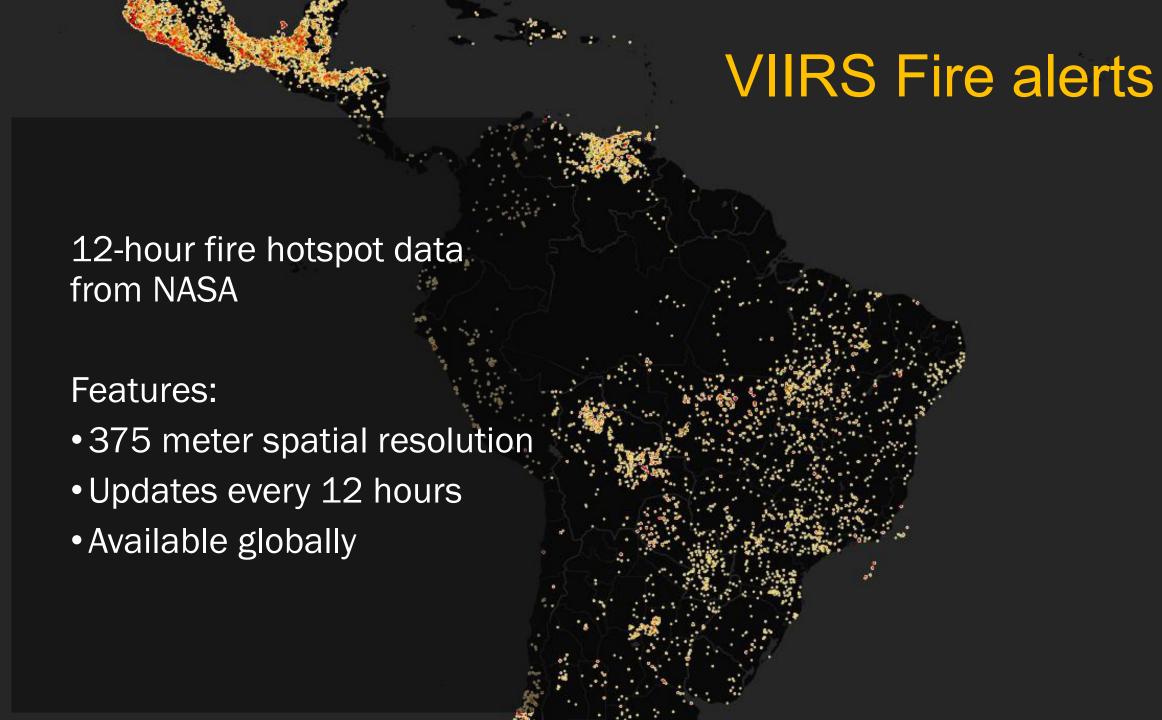
- "Forests" trees with at least 5 meters high and canopy density of at least 60%
- An alert is a pixel with at least 50% canopy cover loss
- Based on the interpretation of the latest cloud-free Landsat image
- Two types of alerts:
  - Confirmed (at least 2 cover los observations)
  - Un-confirmed



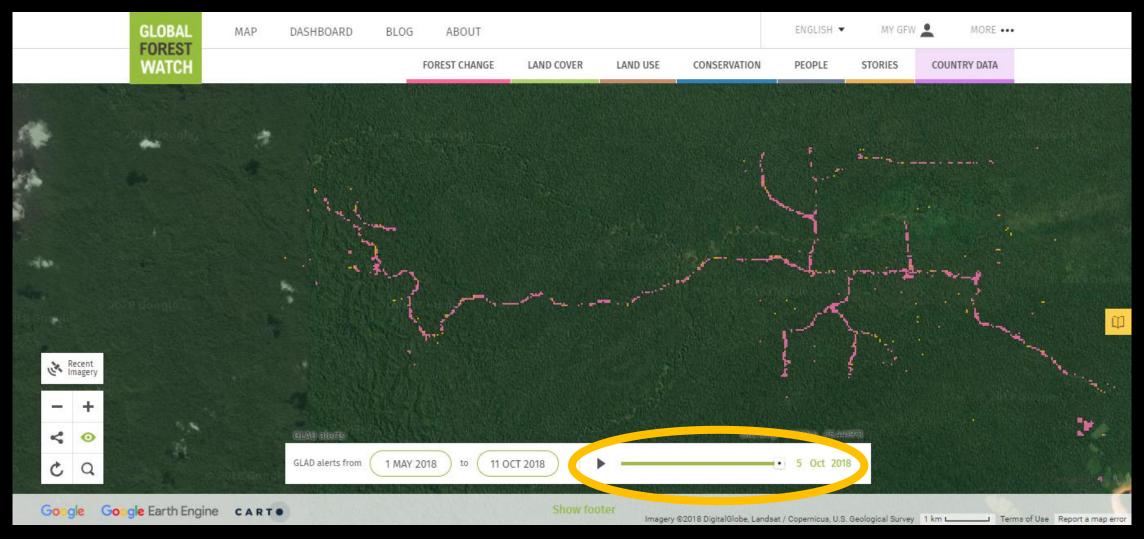
#### Limitations

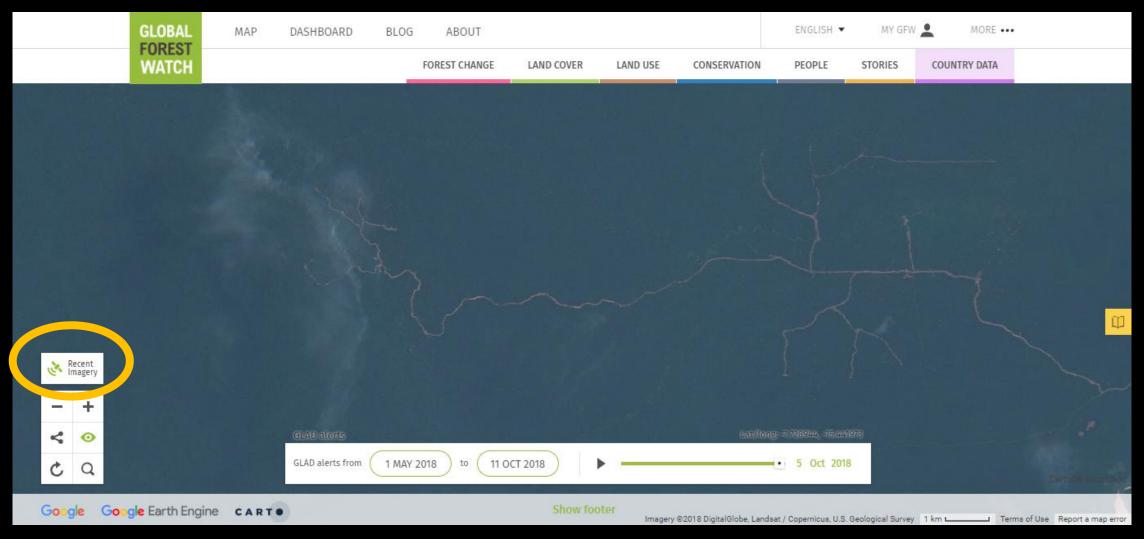
- False positives (for all alerts): 13.5%
  - Most (9.5%) bordering areas where change occurred
- Falsos positives (confirmed alerts): 1%
- False negatives: 33%
- Alerts are conservative
- Cloud coverage is a significant limitation

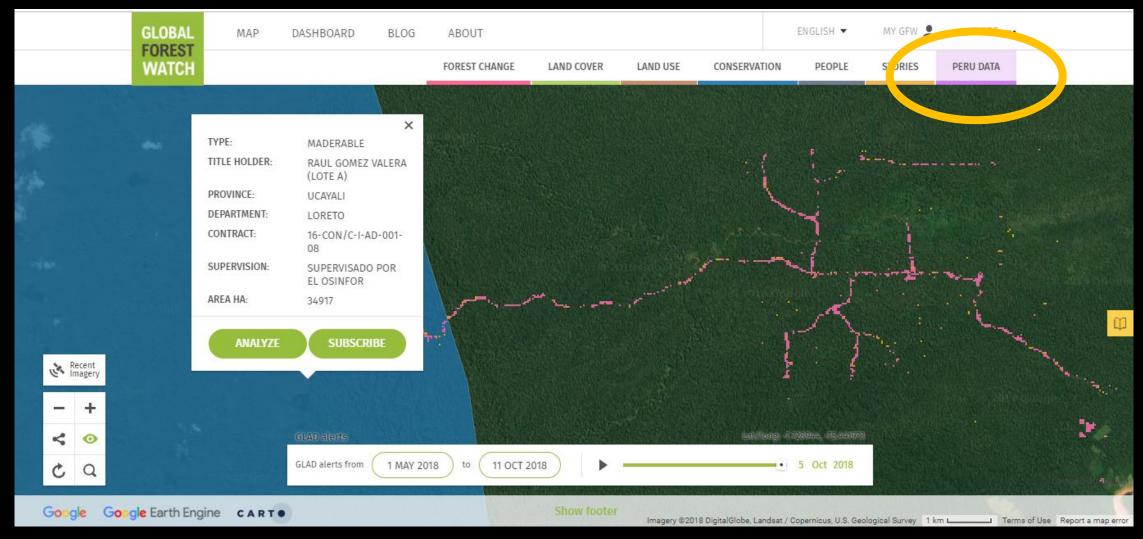


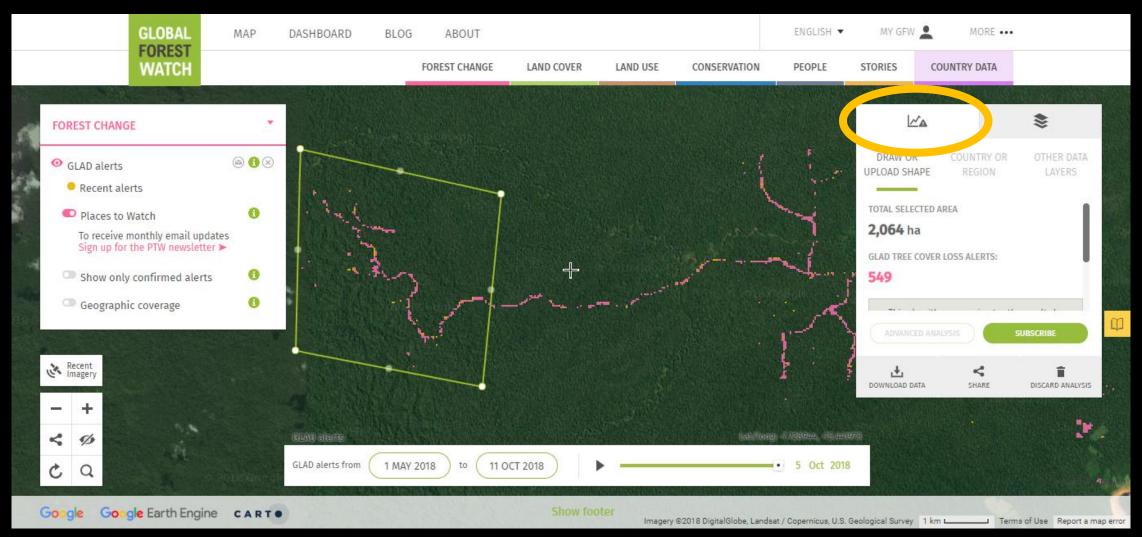


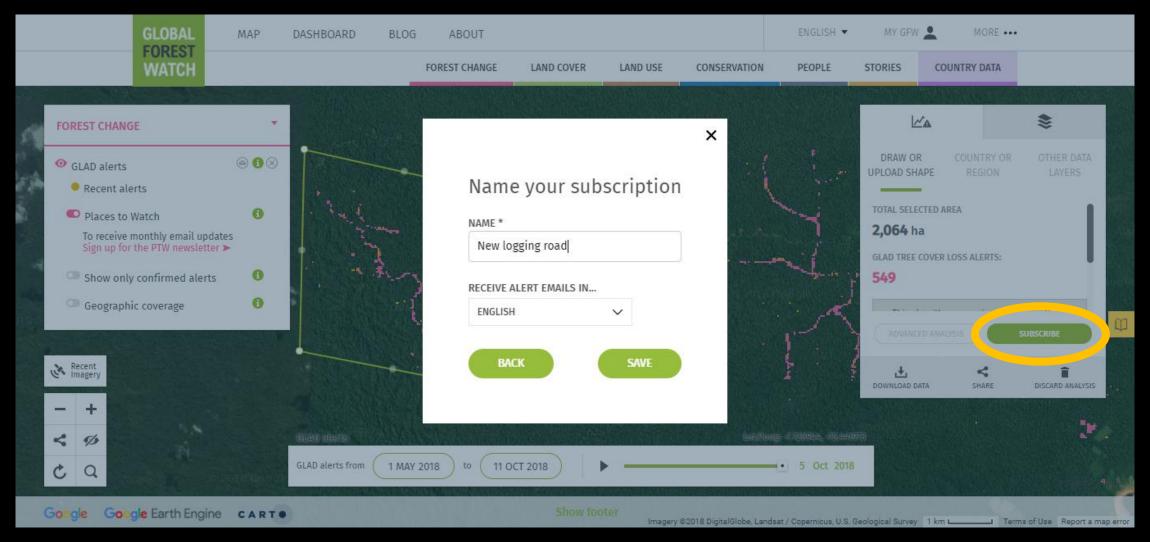
# GLAD alerts availability on GFW





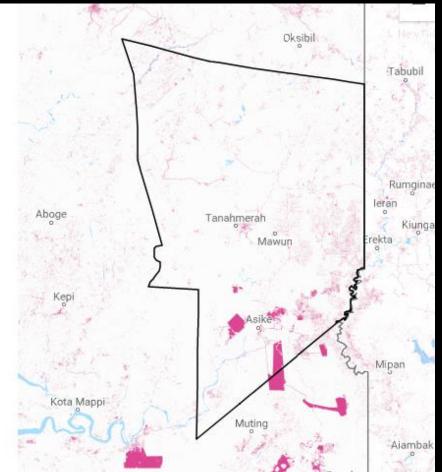




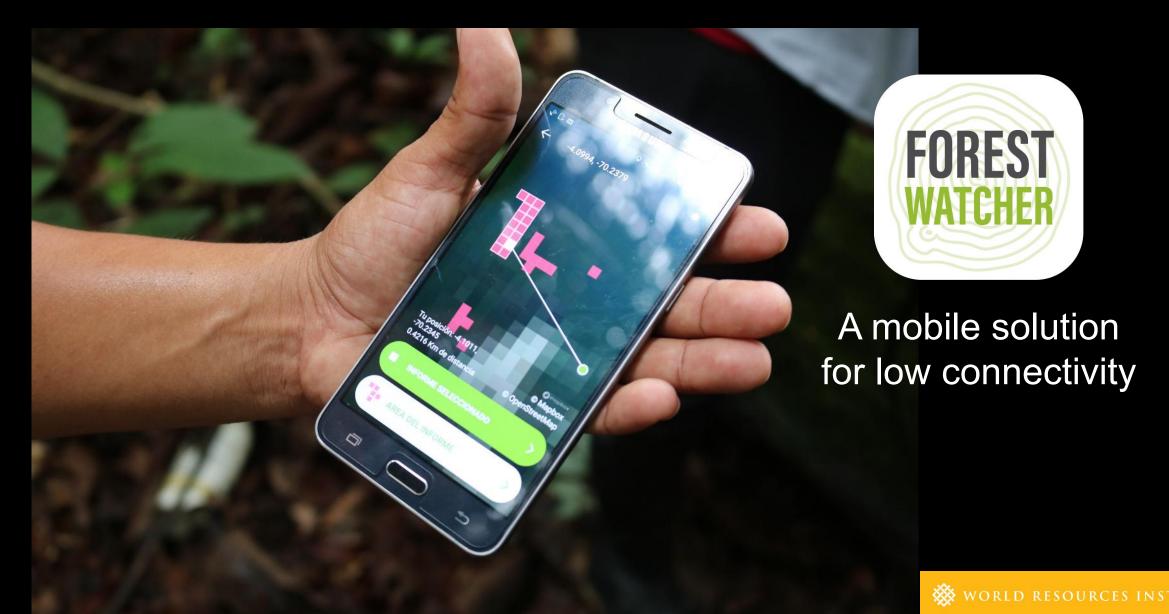


## **GFW Dashboards**





# Forest Watcher



#### **Forest Watcher**



#### App features

- Monitor an area of interest
- Download GLAD and fire alerts to use offline
- Navigate to areas of recent change
- Collect information via customizable forms

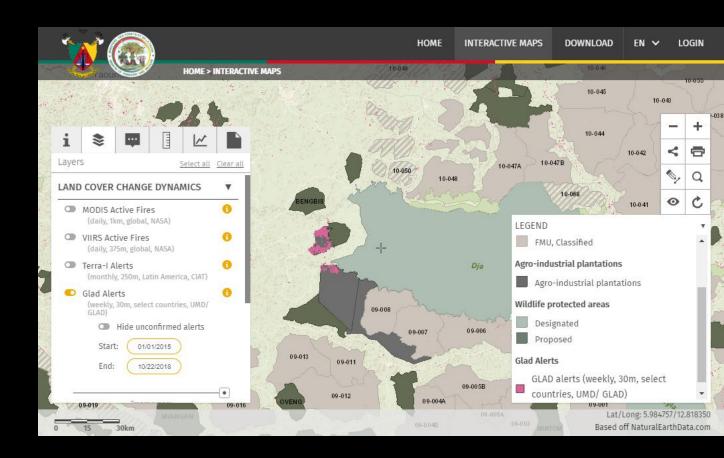
#### Forest Watcher is...

- Free to use and open source
- Available on Android and iOS
- Available in English, French, Spanish, Portuguese, and Bahasa Indonesian



#### Other ways to access alerts

- Download alerts for an area of interest as a csv
- Access analyses via Global Forest Watch's API
- Build custom web applications that incorporate GLAD alerts through the MapBuilder platform template



# User cases

### Uses



Awareness raising



**Empowerment** 



PES & to pay ilegal logging fines

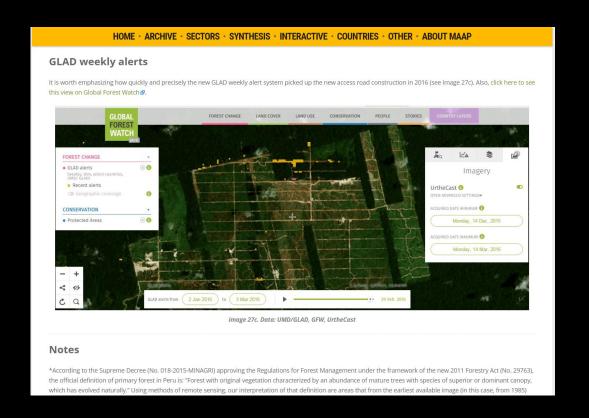


Protected areas management



WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUT

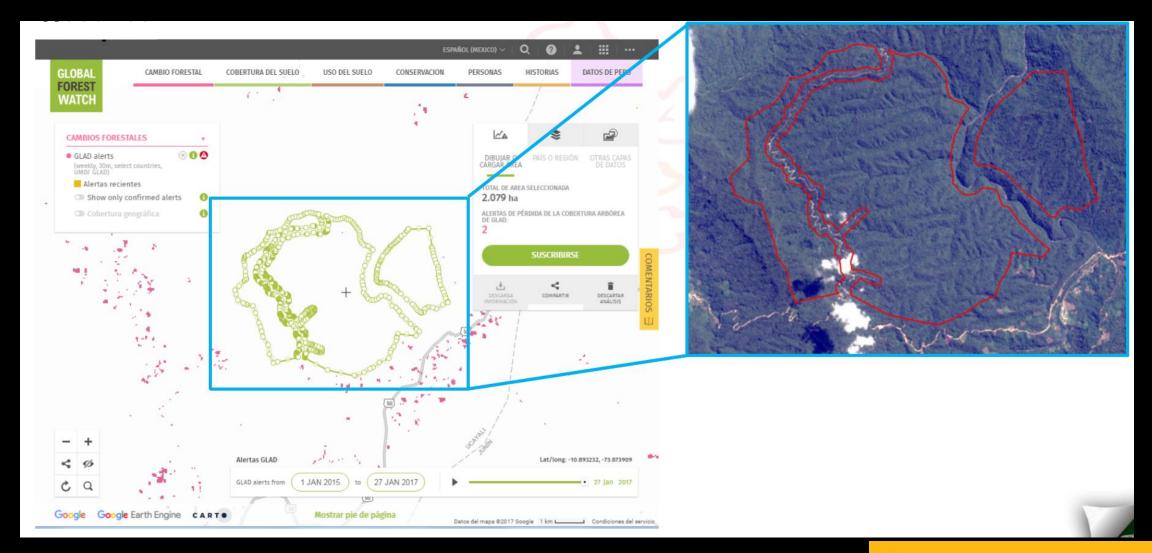
# Awareness raising







# PES & payment of fines for illegal logging



# Patrolling forest reserves - Uganda





Massive logging reported by Blaine Innocent, NFA



# Law enforcement - Brazil







# Lessons

#### Lessons

Satellite monitoring is only the first step

What Happens When an Alert is Triggered?





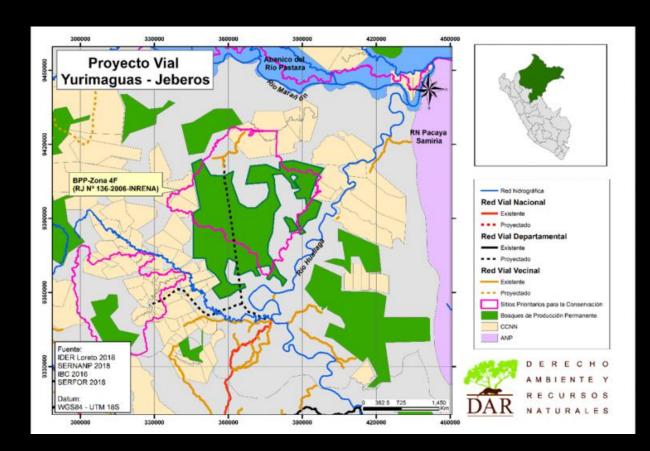






#### **Technical limitations**

- Availability
- Accessibility
- Technical capacity
- Contextual data and analysis



### Governance limitations

• "We have near-real time deforestation alerts, but un-real capacity to respond."

Luigi R. Vargas

Natural Resources Director, 2018

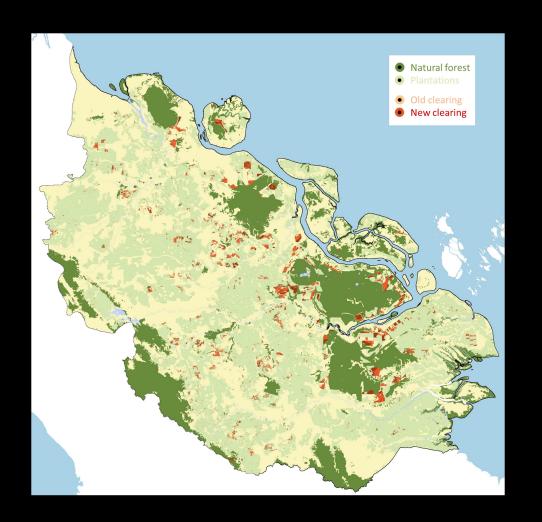
Regional Government of Ucayali, Peru

- Capacity
- Corruption
- Inter-agency coordination

# Overcoming technical limitations

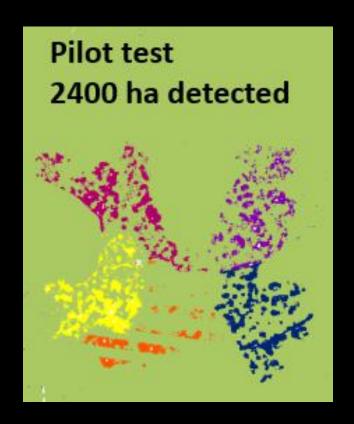
# Incorporation of new satellite data

- Incorporation of Sentinel-2 images into GLAD alerts to increase resolution and frequency
- Pilot test of Sentinel-1 radar data for alerts in Indonesia and Malaysia to overcome cloud cover



# Pilot test to identify selective logging

Global Forest Watch
22 ha detected



Collaboration with Sheffield University researchers to pair satellite images with field data on selective logging

# Enhanced identification of priority alerts

- Developing methods to identify priority alerts for particular users, e.g. based on cluster size, proximity to oil palm
- Machine learning to automate detection of drivers



### Improve access to contextual information



- Incorporating new sources of satellite imagery for verification of alerts
- Expanding GFW's available data on concessions, land rights

## Creating spaces to share lessons learned



- WRI convening the "Early Warning Working Group"
- Hosted a forum in July to share experiences, reflect on limitations, and lessons learned
- Increased emphasis on highlighting real examples of use

# Thank you!

www.globalforestwatch.org

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